Retrograde Femoral Nail Advanced: High Rate of Interlock Back-Out
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Purpose: The Retrograde Femoral Nailing Advanced (RFNA) System (DePuy Synthes) is a commonly used implant for the fixation of low distal femur and periprosthetic fractures. There is concern that the rate of distal interlock screw back-out may be higher for the RFNA compared to other nails (ONs). The purpose of this study was to (1) evaluate the incidence of interlock screw back-out and associated screw removal for RFNA versus ON, and to (2) analyze the association between RFNA interlock screw back-out with early versus delayed weightbearing.

Methods: A retrospective comparative study of patients who underwent retrograde nailing for a distal femur fracture at an academic Level I trauma center was performed. Patient characteristics, injury, and treatment details were collected. The incidence of distal interlock screw back-out and need for screw removal were compared for RFNA versus a propensity score matched cohort that received ONs. Propensity score matching was performed using logistic regression. RFNA interlock screw back-out rates were compared for early versus delayed weightbearing.

Results: 110 patients underwent retrograde nailing with the RFNA for a distal femur fracture from 2015-2022 (average age: 66 years, body mass index: 32, 52.7% smokers, 54.5% female, 61.8% with 3-month follow-up). A propensity score matched cohort of 110 patients who received ON types was determined. There was a significantly higher rate of interlock back-out in the RFNA group compared to the ON (27 patients, 24.5% vs 12 patients, 10.9%, P = 0.01), which occurred 6.3 weeks postoperatively. Screw removal rates for back-out were not significantly different for the RFNA group versus ON (8 patients, 7.3% vs 3 patients, 2.7%, P = 0.12). Early weightbearing was not associated with an increased risk of screw back-out compared to delayed weightbearing for the RFNA group (15/110 patients, 13.6% vs 12/110 patients, 10.9%, P = 0.5).

Conclusion: In this retrospective comparative study of distal femur fractures treated with retrograde nailing, the RFNA implant was associated with an increased risk of distal interlock screw back-out compared to other nails. Surgeons treating these fractures should be aware of this potential complication associated with the RFNA.