Orthoplastic Treatment of Open Lower Limb Fractures Improves Outcomes: A 12-Year Review

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Purpose: Standards to improve the management of open lower limb injuries were developed over a decade ago. These mandate wound excision and skeletal stabilization within 24 hours and definitive soft-tissue coverage within 72 hours. Deep infection rate is considered a marker of performance in open fracture management. This paper is the fourth audit of all Gustilo-Anderson IIIB/IIIC open lower limb fractures presenting to a major trauma center, establishing improvements in care over 12 years.

Methods: All patients presenting between December 2016 and December 2018 with Gustilo-Anderson IIIB / IIIC open lower limb fractures were assessed against national guidelines. Time to debridement, skeletal stabilization, and definitive soft-tissue coverage were evaluated. Primary end point was the rate of deep infection.

Results: 42 of 61 patients (69%) were compliant, compared to 38% in the previous audit. Median time to stabilization was 14.2 hours; 90% of patients underwent debridement and stabilization within 24 hours. The median time to definitive soft-tissue covererage and microsurgical reconstruction was 47 hours, with 71% of patients meeting the standards. The overall deep infection rate was 6.5% within this cohort, compared to 8% in the previous cycle. The rate of deep infection in national standard–compliant patients was 2%; the rate of deep infection in non-compliant patients was 16% (P = 0.05).

Conclusion: Improvements in deep infection rates have correlated with improvements in standard of care adherence over the last8 years, in conjunction with the systematic introduction of service changes. These changes include the initiation of a polytrauma clinic, infectious disease specialty input, and an enhanced recovery protocol. Compared to internationally published deep infection rates in open fractures of 10% to 52%, our rate of infection represents availant treatment.

excellent treatment. This is strong evidence that these key performance indicators are significant in achieving good outcomes, supporting а joint orthoplastic approach for optimal managementofthese complex injuries.



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