Shaft Reduction Techniques

Disclosure

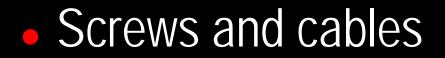
- Research Support
 - Depuy Synthes
- Consultant/Speakers Bureau
 - Zimmer, Depuy Synthes, AO North America, AOTrauma

Techniques

Clamps

Plates

Half pins



Clamp reduction

Clamps

Oblique tibial shaft

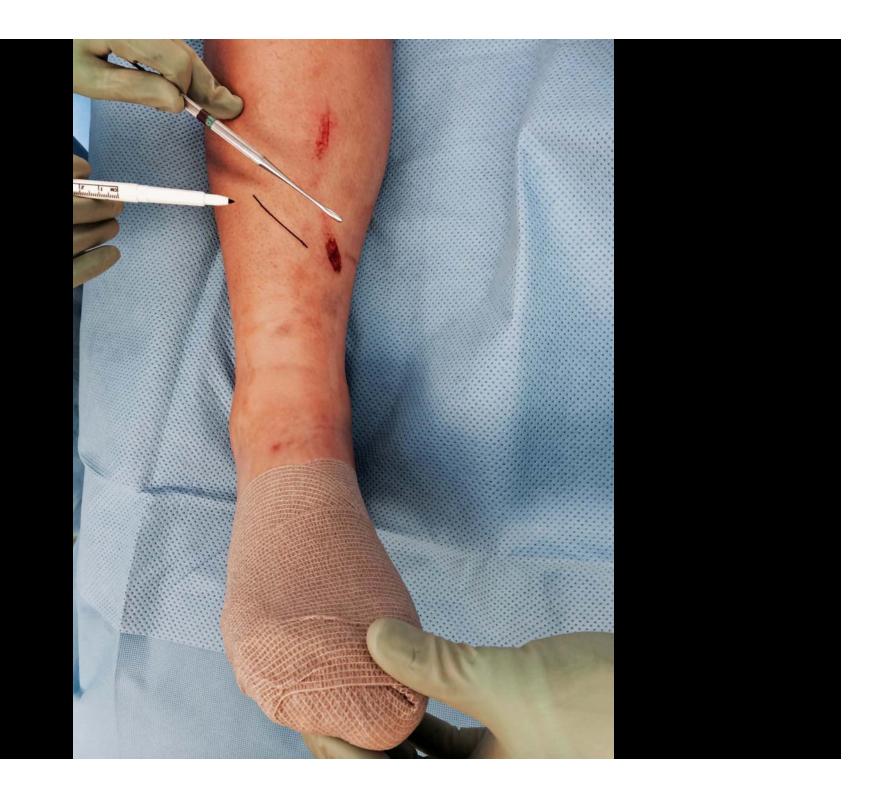
Regular or modified

Acute reductions = pointed clamps

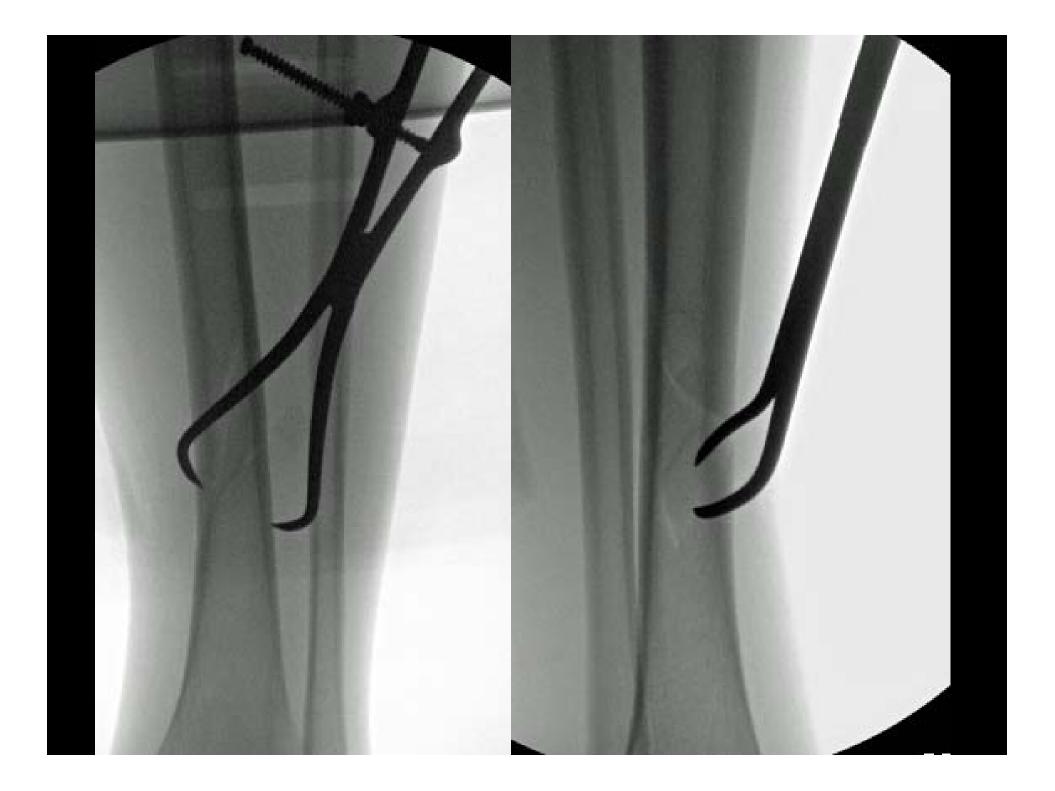
Delayed reductions = larger bone clamps



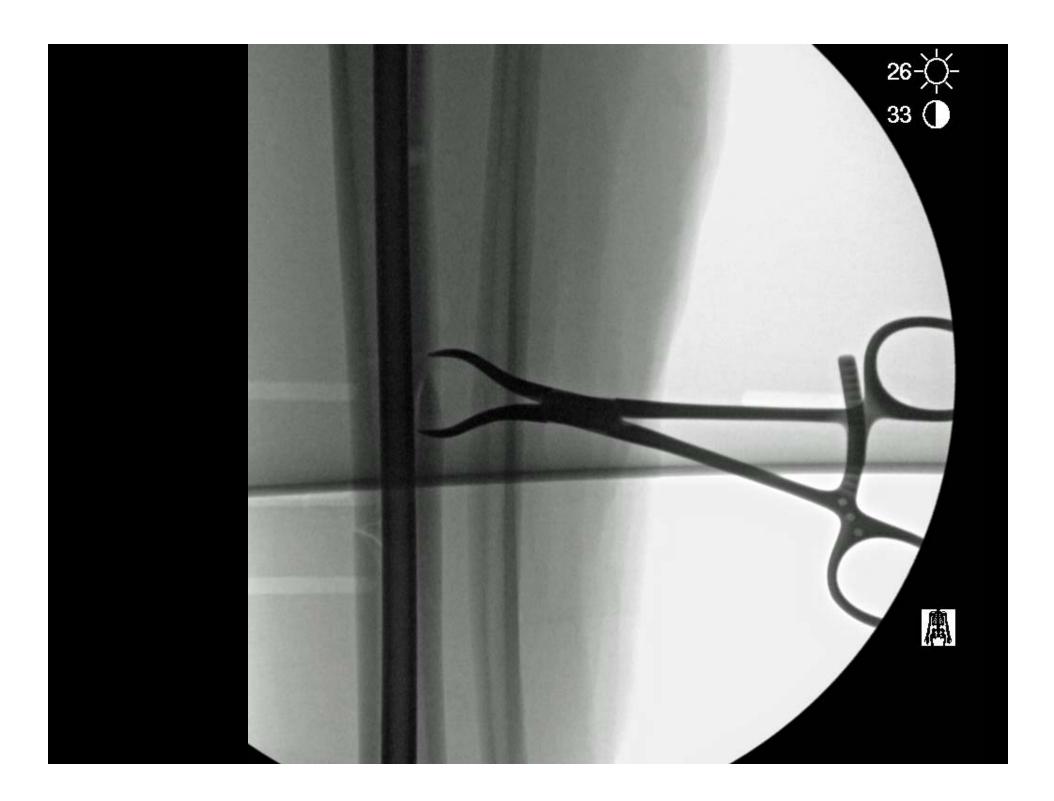




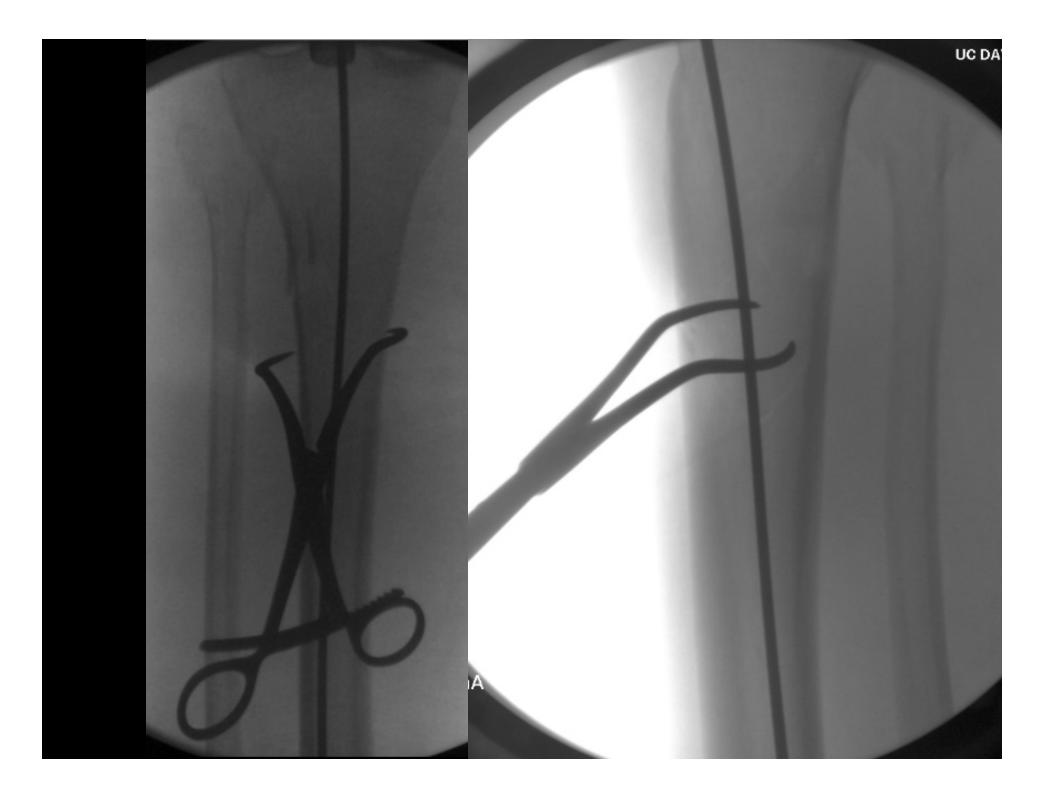




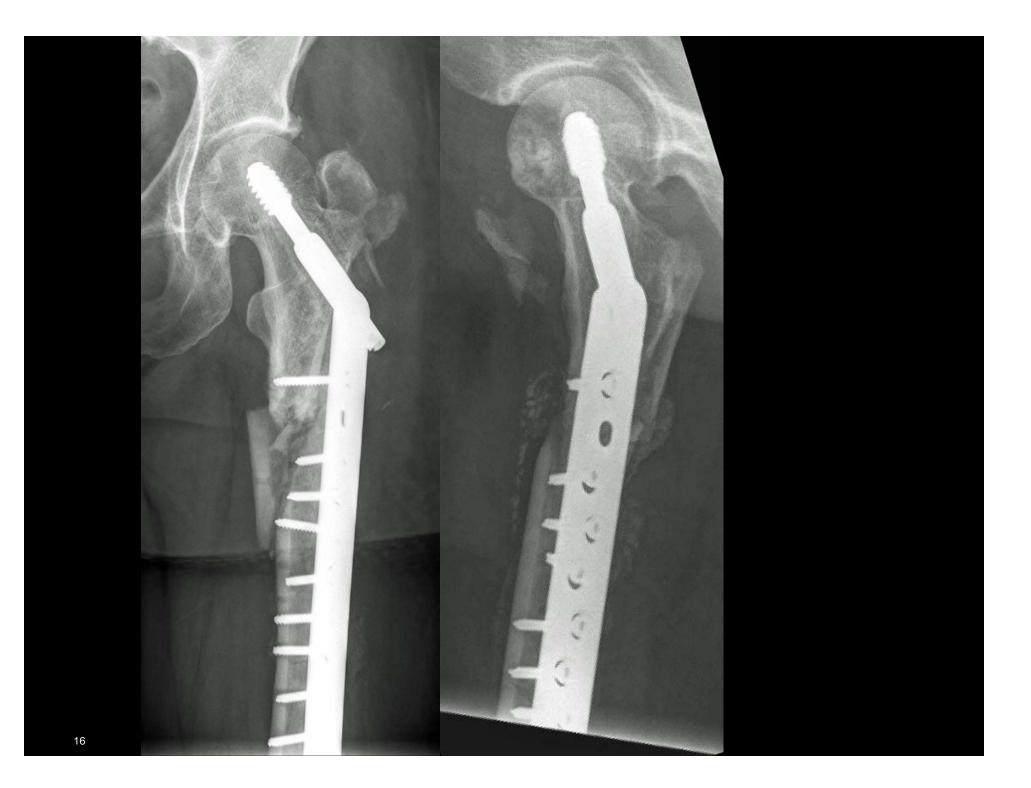


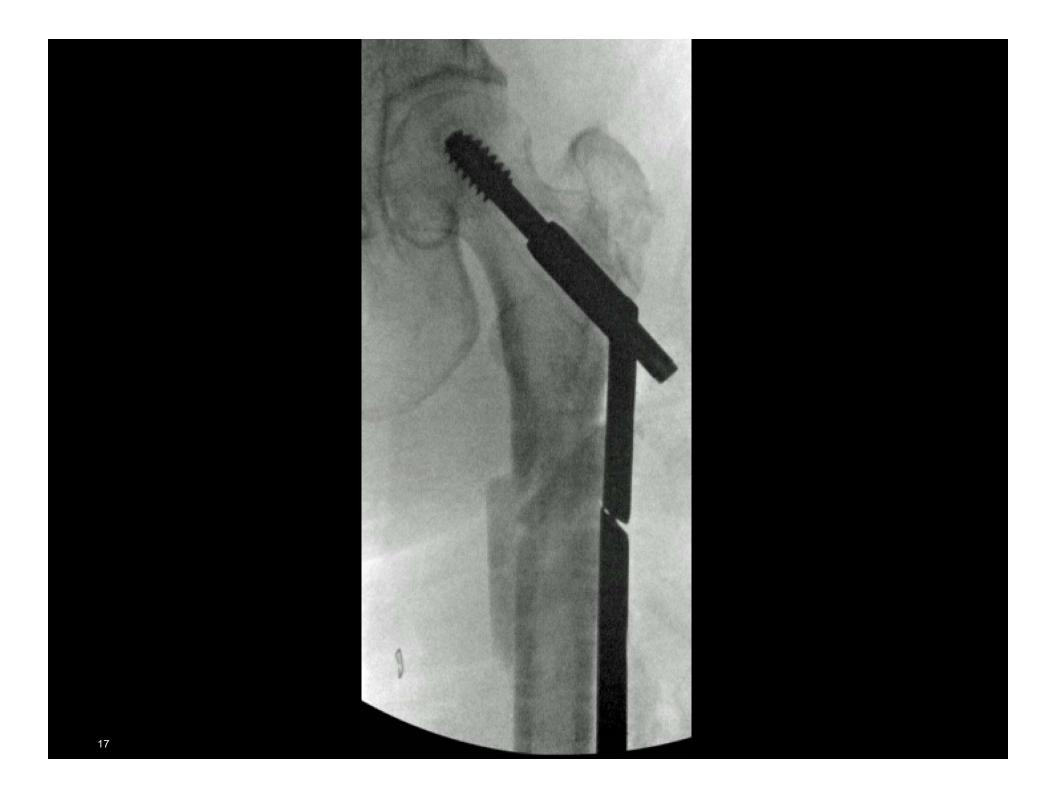




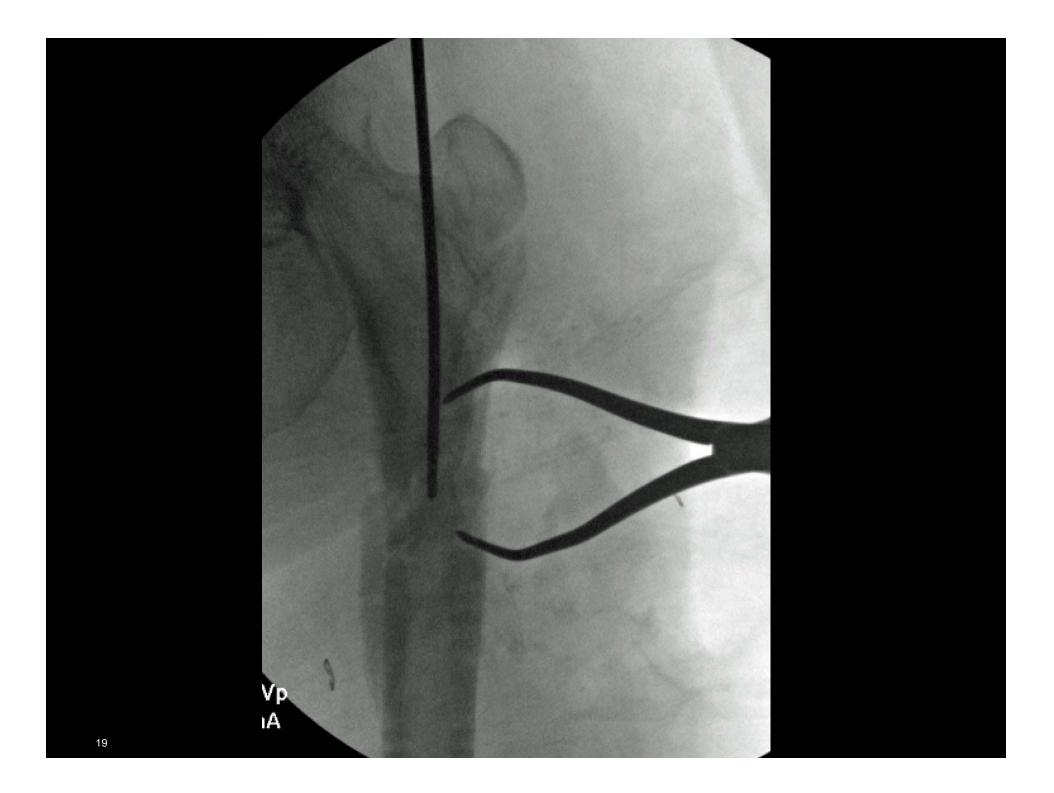












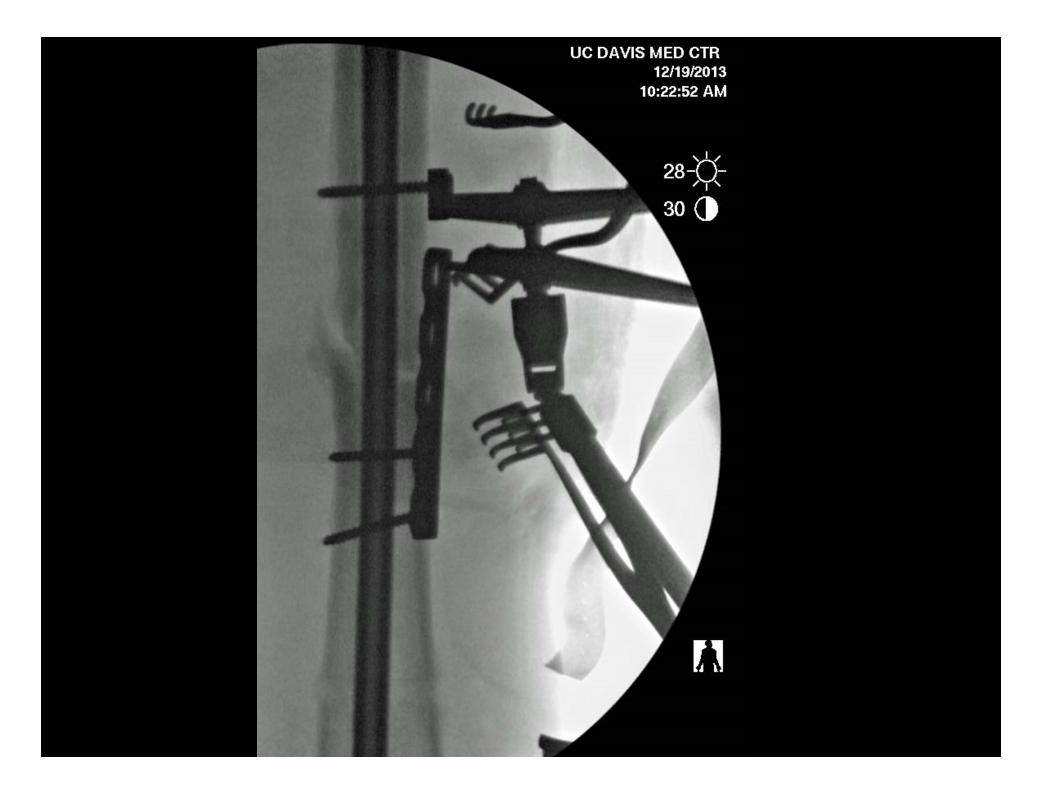


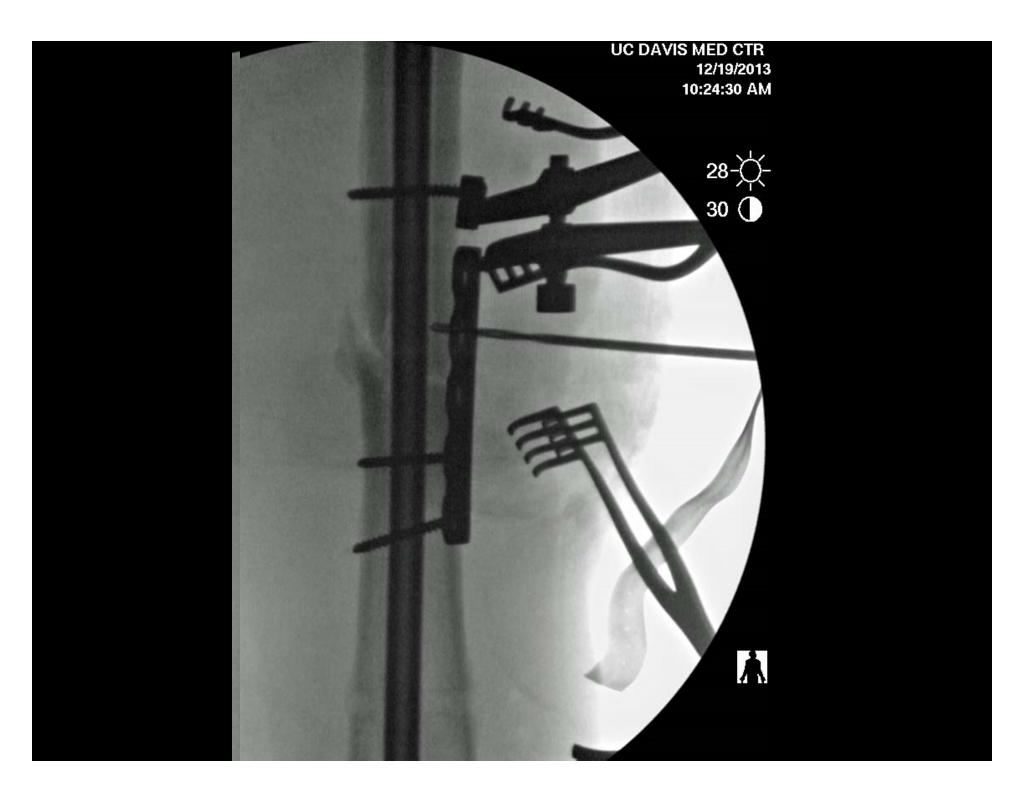


Open shaft plating

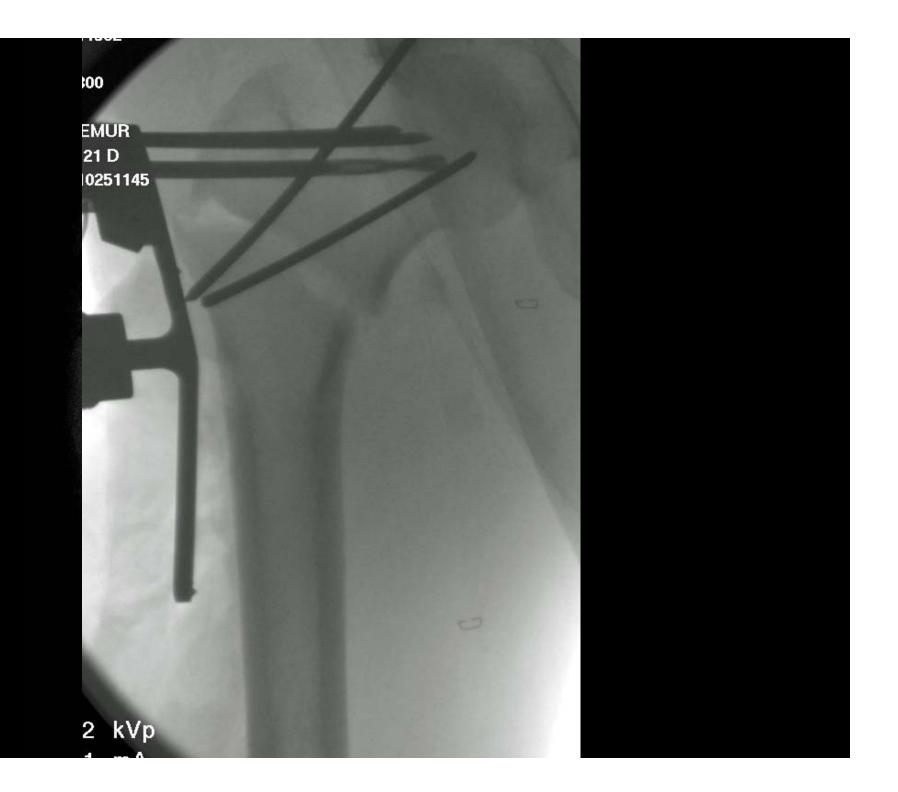
Plate as reduction tool
Contour
Shape



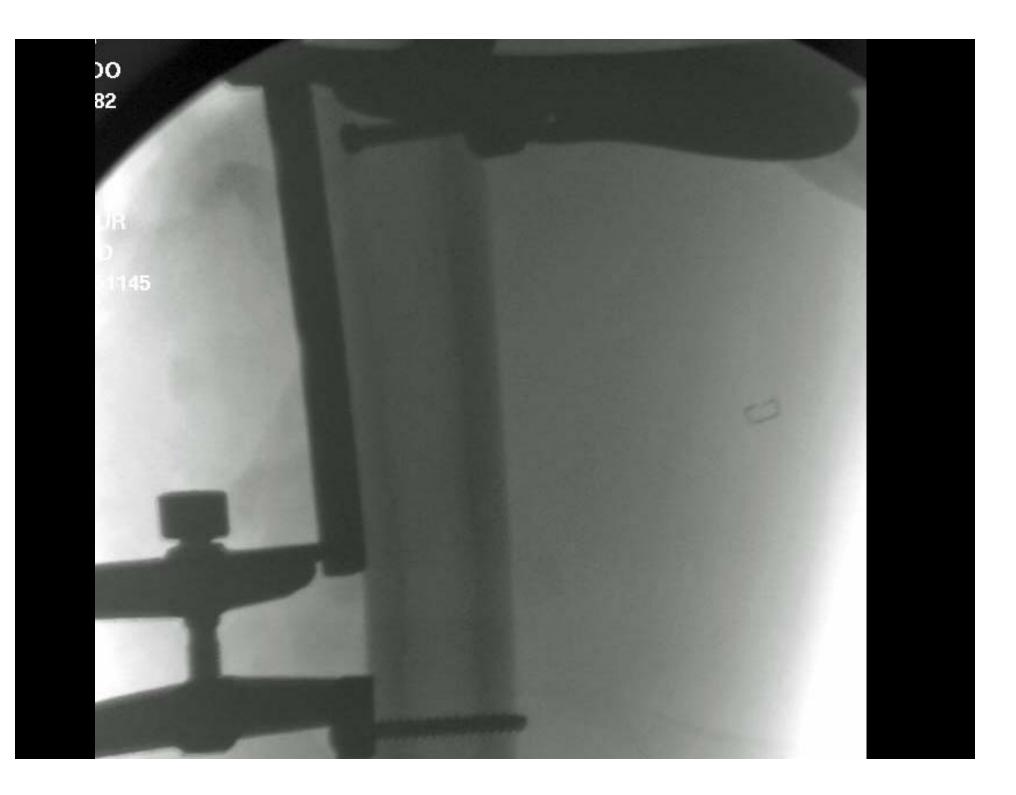




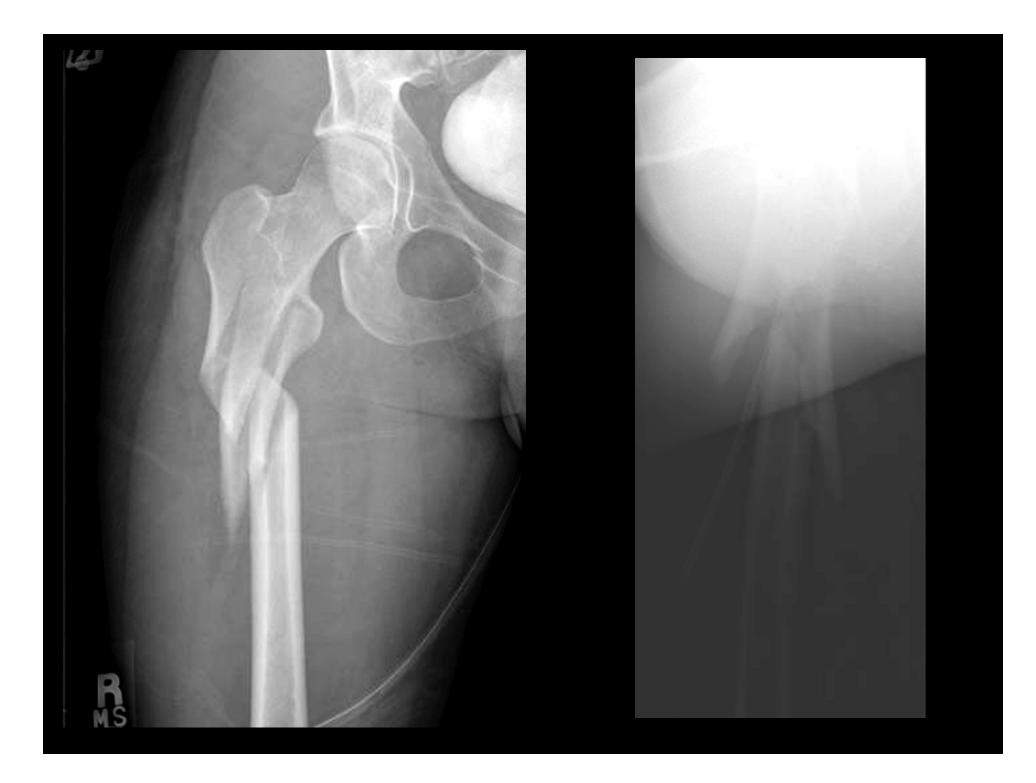


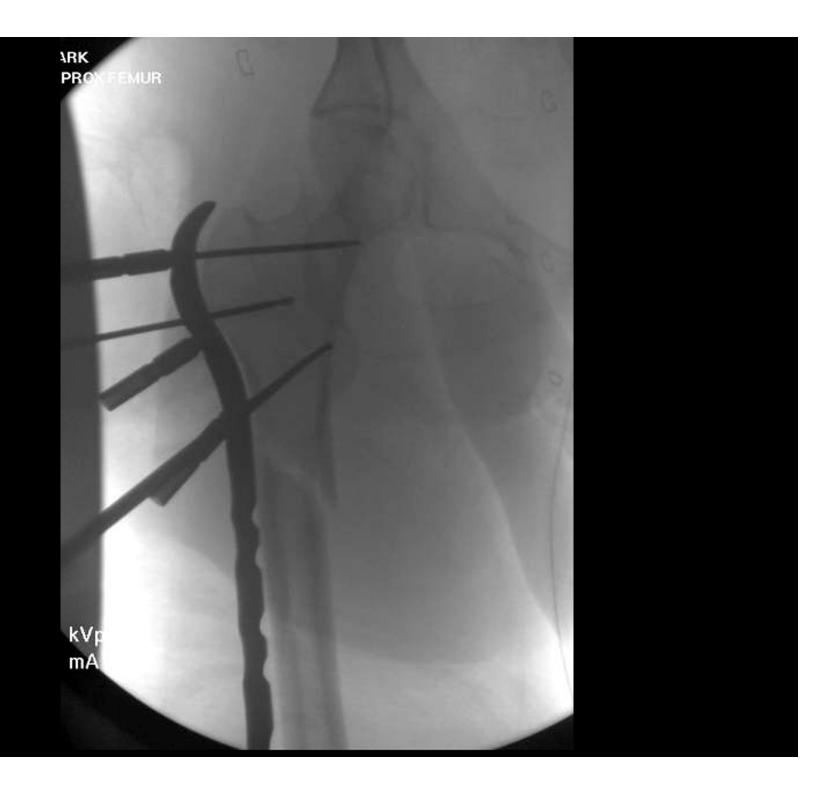






























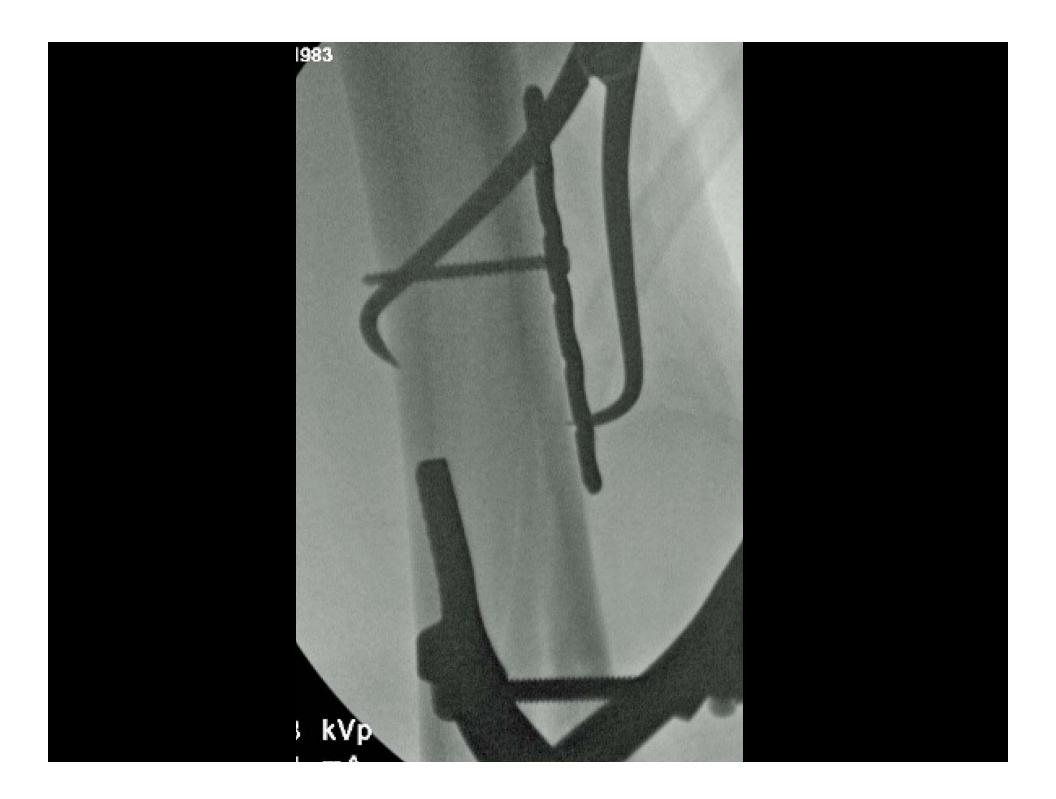
















Half pins

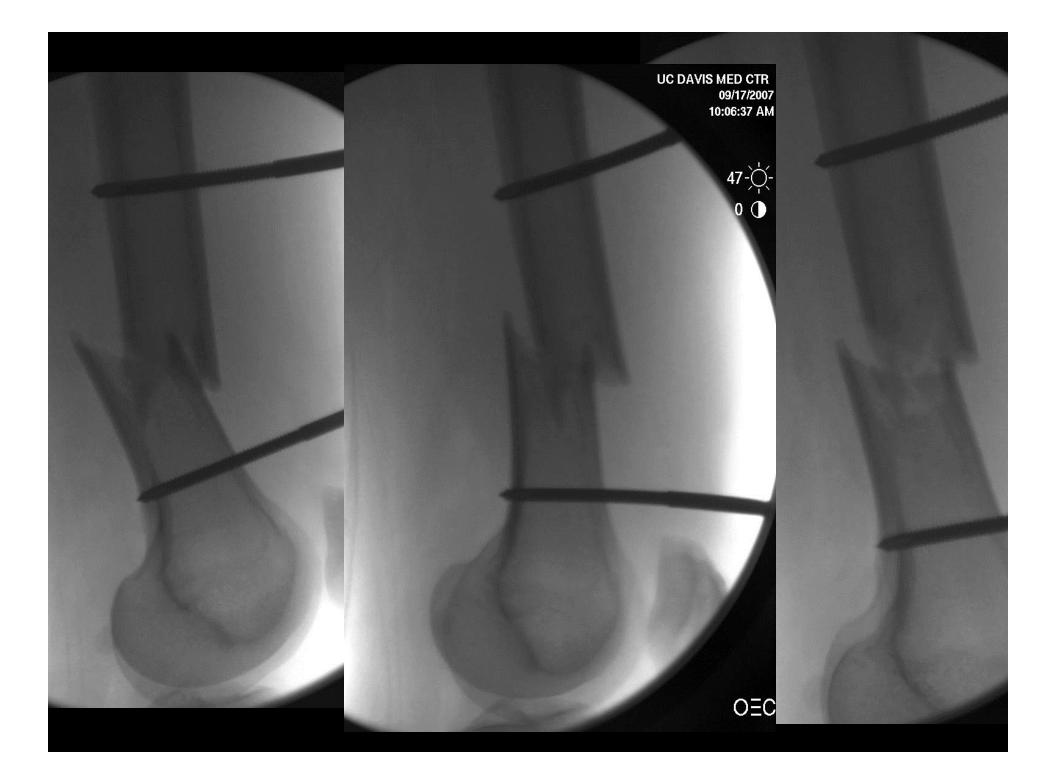
Half pins

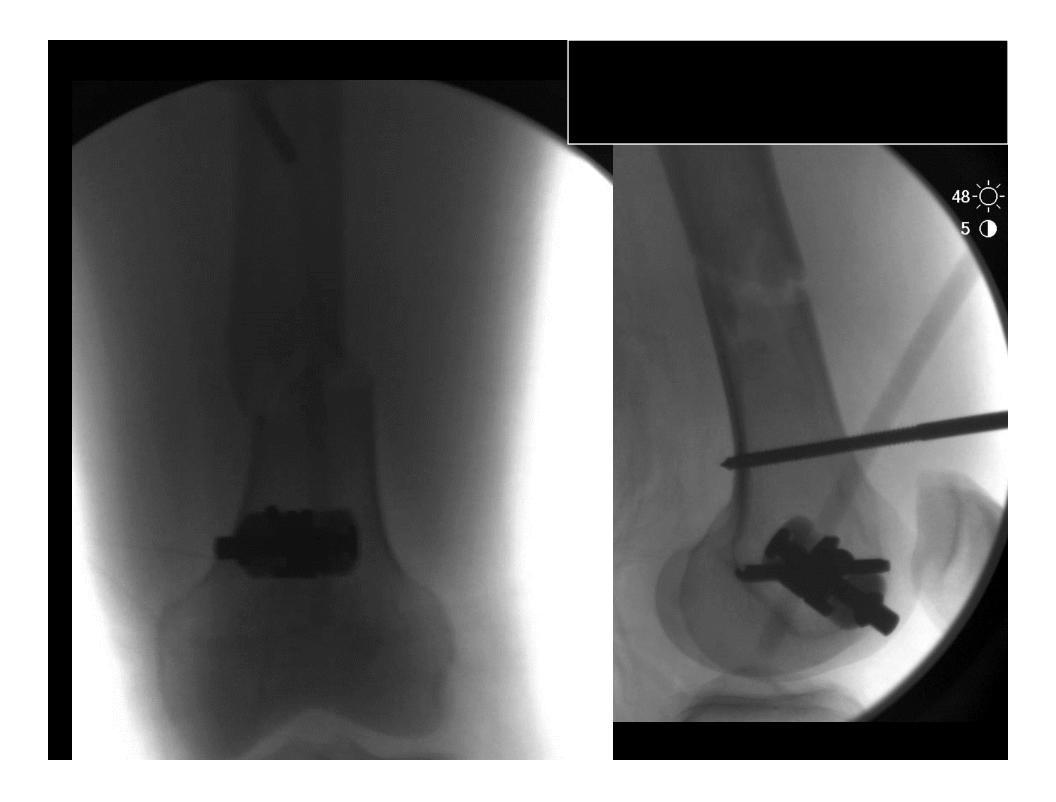
• 4.0 and 5.0 mm external fixation pins

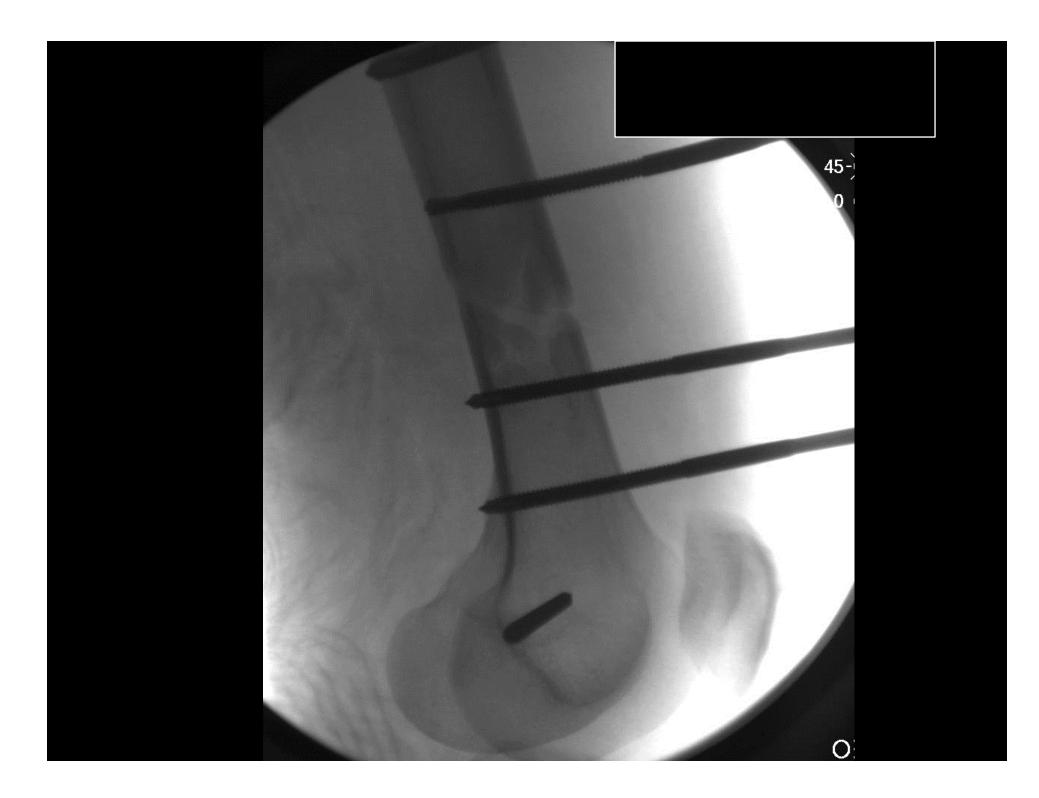
External fixation or distractor

• Femur









Cables and screws(simplification)

Cerclage

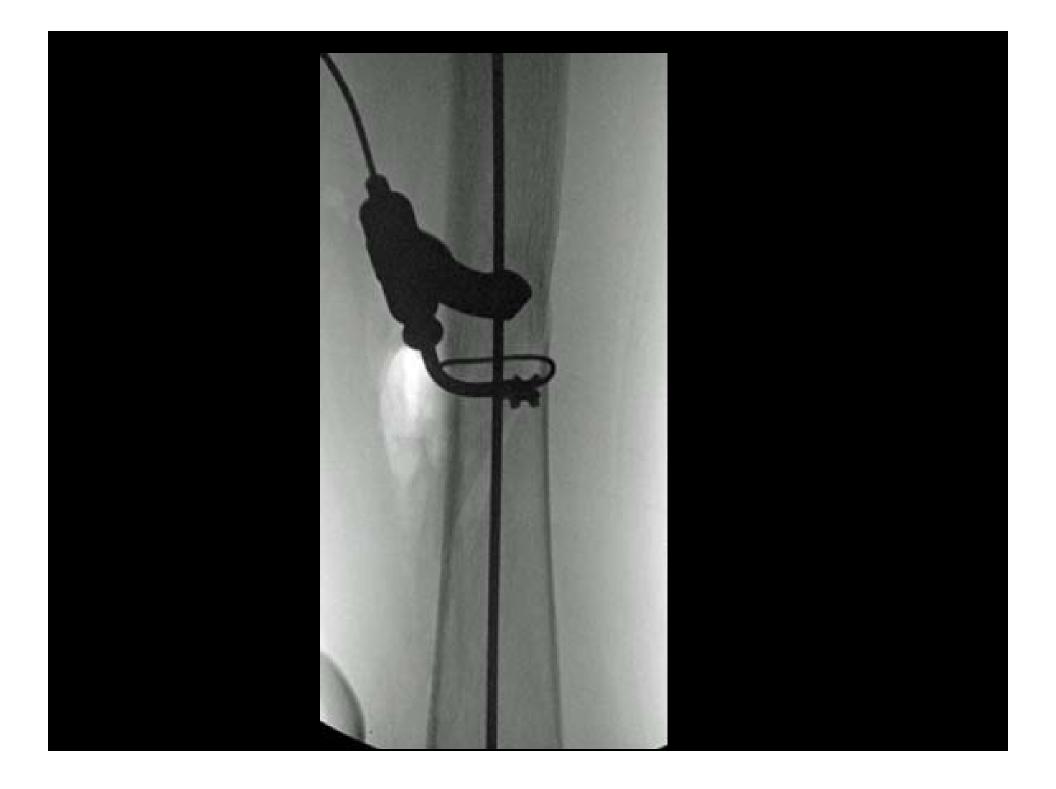
Technique critical

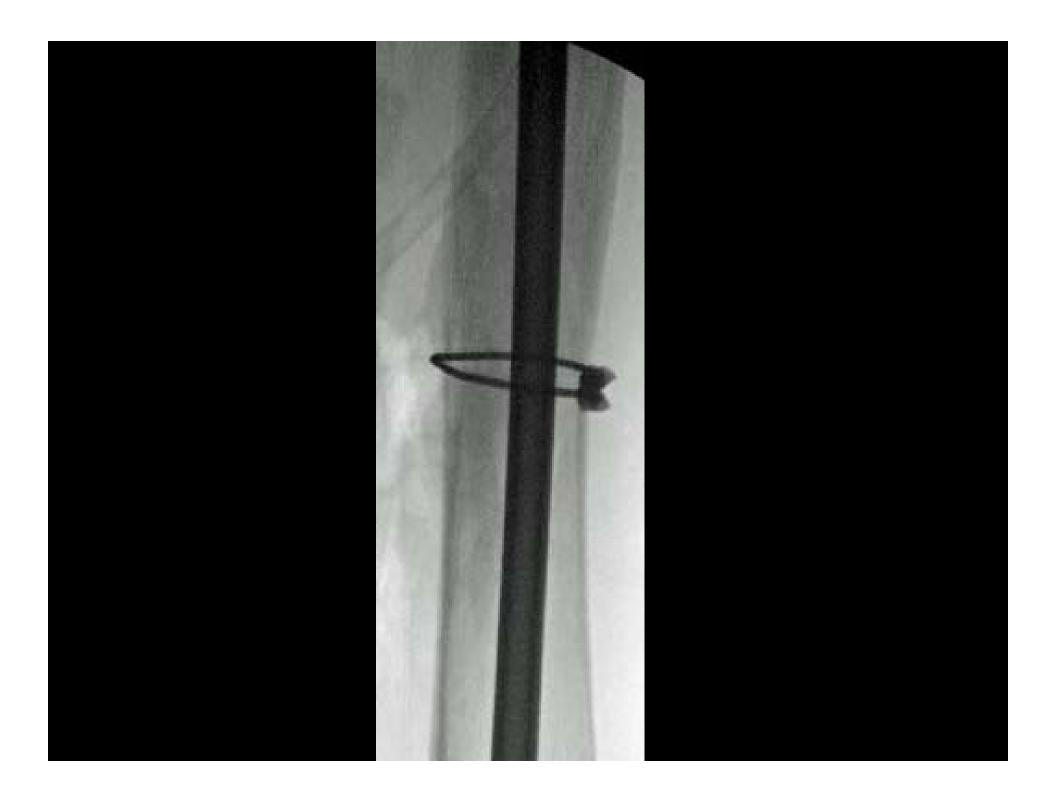
Braided cables vs wires

Long oblique (femur)













Small and mini fragment sizes

Careful technique (intracortical)
Cooling
Drill sharpness

Simplification



